## Resistors

## Objectives:

Identify the purpose of a resistor.

Identify the unit of resistance as the ohm  $(\Omega)$ .

Identify the resistor reference designator code.

Identify resistor schematic symbols.

Identify fixed resistors.

Identify variable resistors.

Define power rating.

Define tolerance.

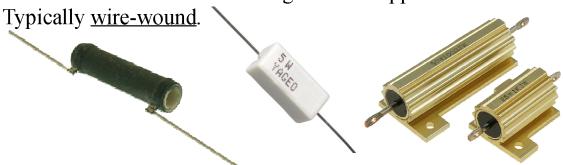
Identify number/ letter codes.

## Types of Fixed Resistors.

General Purpose Resistors are inexpensive and most common



Power resistors are used for large current applications.



Precision resistors are used when tight tolerance is an issue.



## Types of General Purpose Carbon Resistors

Carbon Film: Strip of carbon around a core. Length determines resistance.



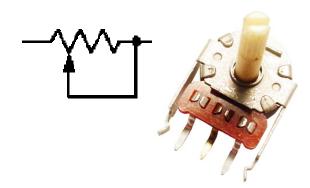
Carbon Composition: mixture of material, mostly Carbon. Amount of other material determines resistance.



## Variable Resistors

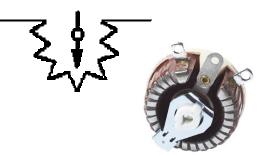
## Potentiometers



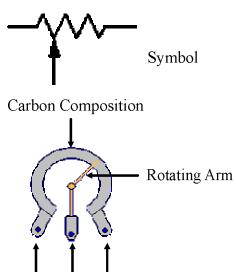


## Rheostats





## Potentiometers

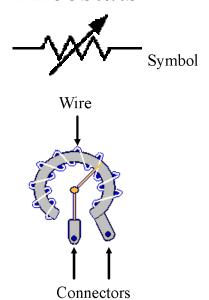


Has three connectors.

Connectors

Controls small amounts of current.

## Rheostats



Has two connectors.

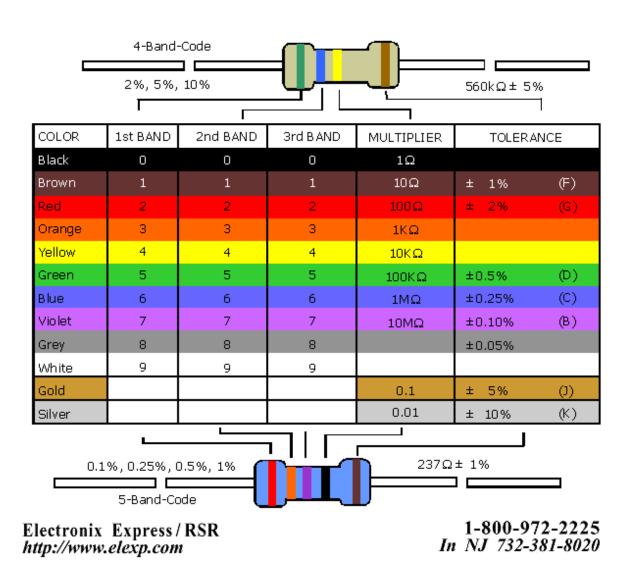
Controls large amounts of current.

## **General Characteristics**

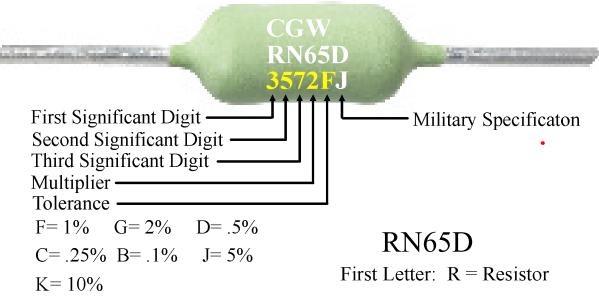
Power Rating: size of a resistor.

Tolerance: percent error.

Ohmic value: Resistance rating.



#### **Precision Resistors**



Second Letter: N = Metal Film; W= Wire Wound; CR= Carbon

#:  $55= \frac{1}{8}$  Watt;  $60= \frac{1}{4}$  Watt;  $65= \frac{1}{2}$  Watt

Last Letter: Temperature Coefficeent (how much you can expect the ohmic value to change due to tempature variations.)

# Resistor Assignment

Write down the value of the Resistor in Ohms and its tolerance.

1. Red, Black, Orange	11. 3332GJ
2. Green, Brown, Red, Gold	12. 5473KJ
3. Blue, Grey, Brown, Silver	13. 9864CJ
4. Green, Black, Brown, Gold	14. 7351DJ
5. Red, Red, Orange	15. 5844BJ
6. Grey, Green, Red, Silver	16. 2106JJ
7. Brown, Green, Red, Gold	17. 8204FJ
8. Yellow, Violet, Brown	18. 7332JJ
9. Green, Blue, Red, Gold	19. 7843GJ
10. Yellow, Violet, Gold, Gold	20. 4703BJ