



Simulation Starting Points:

Psychological Safety & Beyond

Dr. Nichole Jackson, DNP, MSN, RN, CNE

Assistant Professor of Nursing; Simulation Director
Oklahoma Baptist University

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Conflict of Interest Disclaimer

The presenter has no conflicts of interest to disclose.



Objectives

After completion of this session, the participant will be able to:

- ▶ Apply strategies within a simulation experience to establish a psychologically safe learning environment.
- ▶ Initiate processes to integrate the *INACSL Standards of Best Practice: SimulationSM* into simulation practices.
- ▶ Formulate a plan to address the staff/faculty development needs related to simulation science within a program.

Psychological Safety



Psychological Safety:

A willingness to walk on the edge.

- ▶ *“Psychologically safe simulation exercises are friendly to risk taking in the service of learning; people feel that it is acceptable, even desirable, to work at the edge of their expertise or capacity where mistakes are likely.”*
- ▶ *“Psychological safety...creates a setting where learners can practice new or familiar skills without the burden of feeling that they will be shamed, humiliated, or belittled.”*
- ▶ *“Psychological safety has been demonstrated to be a precursor to learning-oriented behaviors.”*

(Rudolph, et al. 2014, p. 2)

Psychological Safety:

Outcomes of a psychologically safe environment.

- ▶ Manifesting learning-oriented behaviors
- ▶ Willingness to take risk in the service of learning
- ▶ Operating on the edge of expertise with a positive attitude (*the 'stretch' zone*)
- ▶ Embracing the uncomfortable
- ▶ Openness to comprehensive feedback
- ▶ Readiness to reflect on new and/or challenging events presented in the scenario
- ▶ Motivation to contemplate and learn from mistakes
- ▶ Tolerating not knowing the exact answer(s)
- ▶ Engagement, experimentation, and fair evaluation

(Janzen, et al. 2016 & Rudolph, et al. 2014)

Psychological Safety:

Establishing the “safe container”.

► Safe Container...

“an environment where learners face professionally meaningful challenges and are held to high standards in a way that engages them but does not intimidate or humiliate them”.

(Rudolph, et al. 2014, p. 1)

Psychological Safety:

Establishing the “safe container”.

- ▶ Set the stage during briefing:
 - ▶ Clarify expectations
 - ▶ Establish a ‘fiction contract’
 - ▶ Cover the logistics
 - ▶ Demonstrate facilitator commitment to learners well being
- ▶ Be consistent among facilitators
- ▶ Observe for signs of psychological harm or panic
- ▶ Provide resources to address psychological needs
- ▶ Create & implement policies that support psychological safety

(Janzen, et al. 2016, Rudolph, et al. 2014, & Gaba, 2013)

Psychological Safety:

The student's perspective.

- ▶ *“I believe this is an environment that promotes learning, vulnerability, honesty, and creativity. An environment that is psychologically safe allows the individual to be fully present without fear of shaming or verbal humiliation from instructors.”*

OBU Senior Nursing Student

- ▶ *“To me, psychological safety is the ability to express yourself and take action without a mental limitation produced from the fear of failure and ridicule of peers. I think that our Simulations did have psychological safety. Though I did have different anxious feelings going into sim, I always felt safe.”*

OBU Senior Nursing Student

Think, Pair, Share:

Strategies to establish a psychologically safe learning environment.

- ▶ *What does psychological safety mean to you?*
- ▶ *What are 3 things you can do to create a 'safe container' for learners?*
 - 1.
 - 2.
 - 3.
- ▶ *What impact does a psychologically safe environment have on student learning outcomes?*

*Objective 1:
Apply strategies within a simulation experience to establish a psychologically safe learning environment.*





INACSL Standards of Best Practice: SimulationSM

INACSL Standards of Best Practice: SimulationSM

The Who...

- ▶ The International Nursing Association for Clinical Simulation and Learning (INACSL)
- ▶ *“Global leader in transforming practice to improve patient safety through excellence in health care simulation.”*
- ▶ Community of practice for simulation
- ▶ Provides the Standards of Best Practice: Simulation
- ▶ Publishes Clinical Simulation in Nursing Journal

(INACSL, 2016, p. S48)

INACSL Standards of Best Practice: SimulationSM

The What and the Why...

- ▶ Simulation Design
- ▶ Outcomes and Objectives
- ▶ Facilitation
- ▶ Debriefing
- ▶ Participant Evaluation
- ▶ Professional Integrity
- ▶ Simulation-Enhanced Interprofessional Education (Sim-IPE)
- ▶ Simulation Glossary

(INACSL, 2016)

INACSL Standards of Best Practice: SimulationSM

The How...

- ▶ Acknowledge the importance of implementing the established standards into daily simulation practices

- ▶ Access the standards for free from the INACSL website
 - ▶ [INACSL Home Page](#)
 - ▶ <https://www.inacsl.org/i4a/pages/index.cfm?pageid=1>
 - ▶ [INACSL Standards of Best Practice: Simulation](#)
 - ▶ [http://www.nursingsimulation.org/issue/S1876-1399\(16\)X0014-X](http://www.nursingsimulation.org/issue/S1876-1399(16)X0014-X)

- ▶ Develop a strategic plan to implement the standards within your current simulation practices

INACSL Standards of Best Practice: SimulationSM

The How...

- ▶ *Scenario:* Students are in a simulation scenario and the faculty observe behaviors from a student that do not correlate with a psychologically safe learning environment. Other students are beginning to ‘shut down’ and show signs of disengagement throughout the experience as a result of these behaviors.

- ▶ *The Response:* What would be your response in/to this situation?

- ▶ *The Recommendations:*
 - ▶ Apply INACSL Standards of Best Practice: SimulationSM.
 - ▶ Review the literature in regards to this issue.
 - ▶ Remember your role as a facilitator.

Now & Later:

Application of the standards into simulation practices.

Now

- ▶ Identify 1 area of needed improvement in your simulation practices (personal or institution wide).
- ▶ Select at least 1 INACSL standard you can utilize to guide the improvement process.

Later

- ▶ Initiate a plan to integrate the selected standard to improve simulation practices within your sphere of impact (personal or institution wide).
- ▶ Evaluate the implemented integration plan for continued quality improvement.

*Objective 2:
Initiate processes to integrate the INACSL Standards of Best Practice: Simulation into simulation practices.*

Staff / Faculty Development



Staff / Faculty Development:

The needs assessment.

- ▶ Reflection on current practices
 - ▶ Individual
 - ▶ Institution wide

- ▶ Knowledge of necessary criteria
 - ▶ INACSL Standards of Best Practice: SimulationSM
 - ▶ Teaching & learning theories & frameworks
 - ▶ Simulators & equipment specifics
 - ▶ Institutional practices & policies

- ▶ Realization of need for a shared mental model



Staff / Faculty Development:

The strategic plan.

“As teachers and learners move away from content-laden curricula to curricula that emphasize experiential learning, it is critical that nurse educators have the requisite knowledge and skills to use simulation to its full potential.”

(NLN, 2015, p. 2)

Staff / Faculty Development:

The essentials.

- ▶ Standardized protocols for facilitating simulation scenarios
 - ▶ Theory & Framework
 - ▶ Design
- ▶ Debriefing based on a validated model
 - ▶ Debriefing for Meaningful Learning (DML)
 - ▶ Debriefing with Good Judgment
 - ▶ Promoting Excellence and Reflective Learning in Simulation (PEARLS)
- ▶ Evaluation of student performance with valid & reliable tool
 - ▶ Creighton Clinical Evaluation Instrument (CCEI)
- ▶ Evaluation of faculty performance with valid & reliable tool
 - ▶ Debriefing Assessment for Simulation in Healthcare (DASH) *multiple versions

(Jeffries, et al. 2015)

Staff / Faculty Development:

Recommended resources.

- ▶ Association of Standardized Patient Education (ASPE). <http://www.aspeducators.org>
- ▶ Center for Medical Simulation. <https://harvardmedsim.org>
- ▶ Laerdal: Simulation User Network (SUN). <http://www.laerdal.com/us/learn/sun/>
- ▶ METI: Human Patient Simulation Network (HPSN). http://www.hpsn.com/#sec_1
- ▶ Simulation Innovation Resource Center (SIRC): An Interactive Global Simulation Community. <http://sirc.nln.org>
 - ▶ NLN: SIRC Faculty Development Toolkit of Simulation Resources. http://sirc.nln.org/pluginfile.php/18733/mod_page/content/30/Faculty%20DevelopmentToolkit%20Final%20February%202016.pdf
- ▶ Society for Simulation in Healthcare (SSIH). <http://www.ssih.org>
- ▶ The International Nursing Association for Clinical Simulation and Learning (INACSL). <http://www.inacsl.org/i4a/pages/index.cfm?pageid=1>

If This, Then That:

Developing a plan to address staff/faculty development.

If this: Identified needs  Then that: Goals & interventions

- | | |
|----|----|
| 1. | 1. |
| 2. | 2. |
| 3. | 3. |

*Objective 3:
Formulate a plan to address the staff/faculty development needs related to simulation science within a program.*

Wrap It Up & Write It Out:

Identifying areas of needed clarification and prioritizing next steps.

Wrap it up: Muddiest points

1.

2.

3.

Write it out: Action items

1.

2.

3.



Questions & Comments





Thank You

Please fill out your evaluations. Your feedback is essential and appreciated.

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Additional Resources

- ▶ Debrief2Learn Website. <https://debrief2learn.org>
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- ▶ Palaganas, J, Maxworthy, J.C., Epps, C., & Mancini, M.A. (Eds.). (2014). *Defining excellence in simulation programs*. Philadelphia: Wolters Kluwer.
- ▶ Simulation Innovation Resource Center (SIRC): Resources. <http://sirc.nln.org/mod/page/view.php?id=843#toolstips>

Additional Resources Continued

- ▶ Creighton-Competency Evaluation Instrument (C-CEI) Tool:
<https://nursing.creighton.edu/academics/competency-evaluation-instrument>
- ▶ Center for Medical Simulation. Debriefing Assessment for Simulation in Healthcare. Retrieved from: <https://harvardmedsim.org/debriefing-assessment-for-simulation-in-healthcare-dash/>
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